

EUROPEAN SPACE SOLUTIONS

BRINGING SPACE TO EARTH

30 MAY - 03 JUNE, THE HAGUE, THE NETHERLANDS

#EUspace16 @SpaceSolutions_

How can Earth Observations assist the energy sector? Alberto Troccoli

World Energy & Meteorology Council & University of East Anglia with input from Copernicus' ECEM team

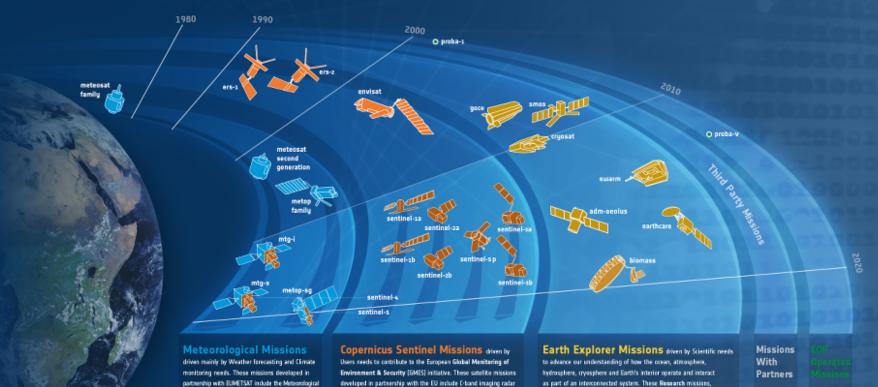
European Space Solutions, The Hague (NL), 3 June 2016

Outline

- It's a crowded space up there
 - Many energy-relevant ESA & NASA missions
 - A variety of (potentially) useful satellite EOs
- How are satellite EOs used for energy?
 - Many applications have been/are being developed
 - Understanding EOs limitations/complementarities
- Looking forward
 - Novel satellite EOs applications for energy
 - What's the uptake of satellite EOs energy applications?



The ESA EO programme



Operational satellite programme (MetOp), forming the space segment of EUMETSAT's Polar System (EPS), and the new generation of Geostationary Meteosat satellites (MSG & MTG satellites).

developed in partnership with the EU include C-band imaging radar [Sentinel-1], high-resolution optical [Sentinel-2], optical and infrared radiometer (Sentinel-3) and atmospheric composition monitoring capability (Sentinel-4 & Sentinel-5 on board Met missions MTG and EPS-SG respectively].

as part of an interconnected system. These Research missions, explaiting Europe's excellence in technological innovation, pare the way towards new development of future EO applications.



The NASA EO program



World Energy & Meteorology Council Energy Management Stakeholder Ideation Workshop

Satellite EOs & Energy 'pairing'

Demand Air temperature Cloud cover Water vapour Albedo Nighttime lights Hydro Soil moisture Precipitation Snow cover Elevation River/lake par Gravimetry

Solar

Solar irradiance Cloud cover Water vapour Aerosols Albedo Air Temperature Land cover Elevation Biomass Solar irradiance Air Temperature Precipitation Soil moisture Land cover Cloud cover Albedo Elevation

Wind

Elevation Offshore winds Wave/currents Ocean altimetry

Marine

Offshore winds Wave/currents Ocean altimetry

Thermal

Air Temperature River/lake par Oil & Gas Offshore winds Wave/currents Ocean altimetry

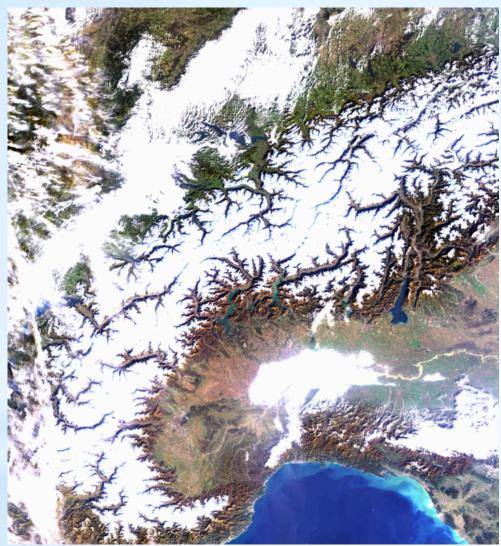


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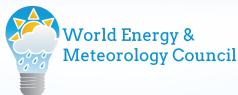
Satellite EO Applications for Energy



Snow cover measured from space



From snow extent to snow water equivalent (using snow thickness in situ data), as a proxy for potential hydropower fuel stored in snow



Mathieu (2015)

Webservice-Energy

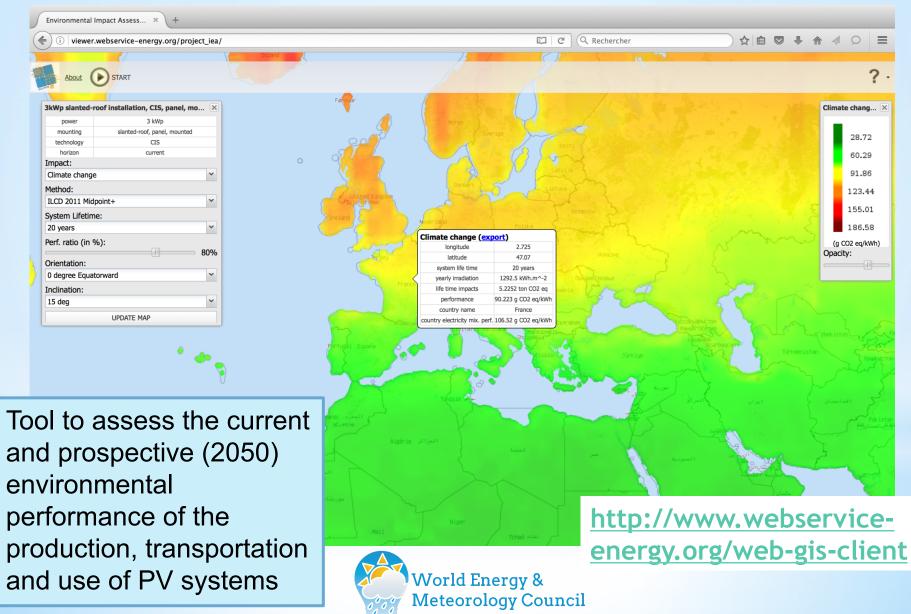
Webservice-Energy.org

Your Place for Interoperability in Energy and Environment

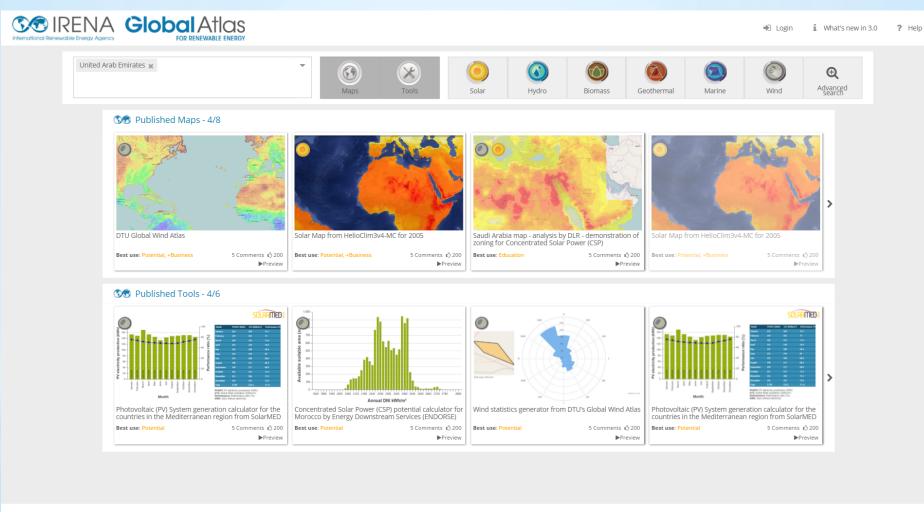
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Environmental performance tool for PV



IRENA Global Atlas



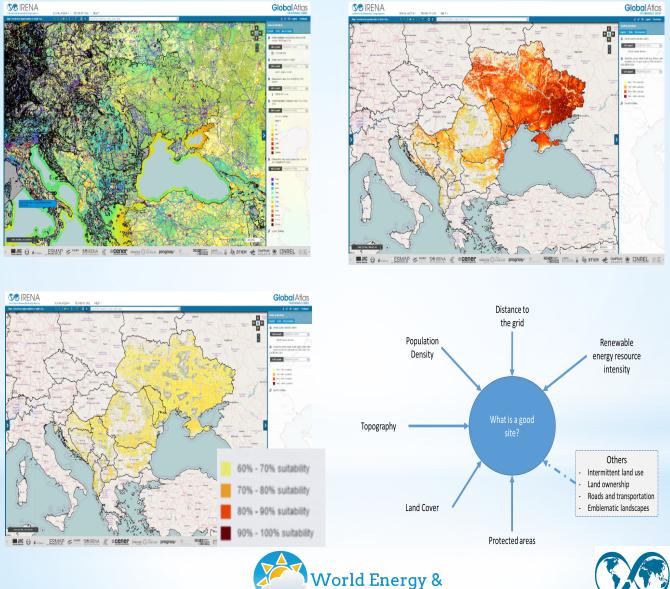




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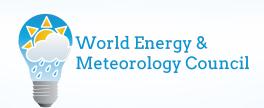
Combining sources of information



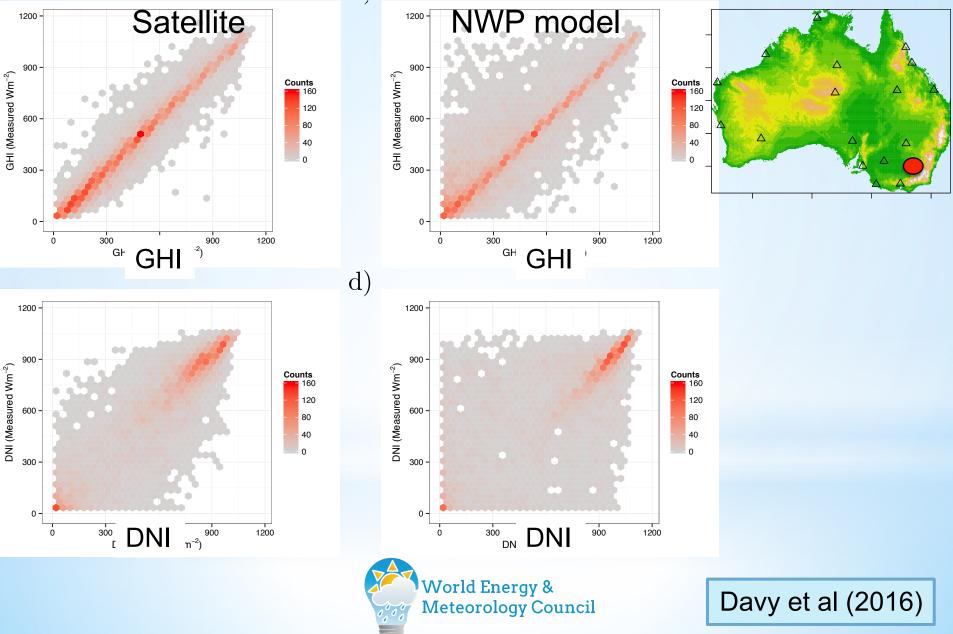
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International Renewable Energy Agency

Limitations satellite-based EO & possible complementarities



Solar irradiance assessment



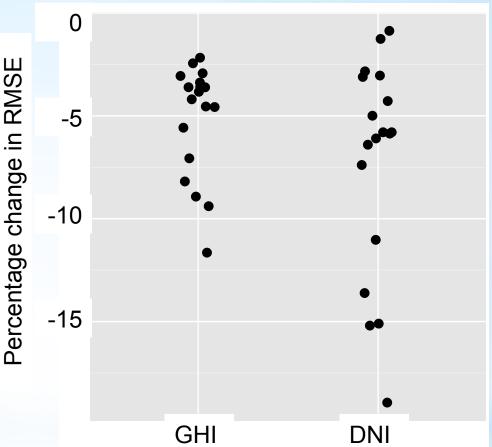
Combining satellite with NWP model

Nonlinear fit to hourly ground station data:

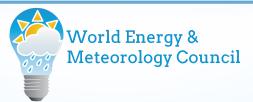
 k_{m} ~ f(k_{s} , k_{c} , cos(θ_{z}))

Generalised additive model (GAM)

Baseline model, satellite GAM: $k_m \sim f(k_s, \cos(\theta_z))$



RMSE change when using NWP model in combination to satellite irradiance, compared to satellite irradiance alone.

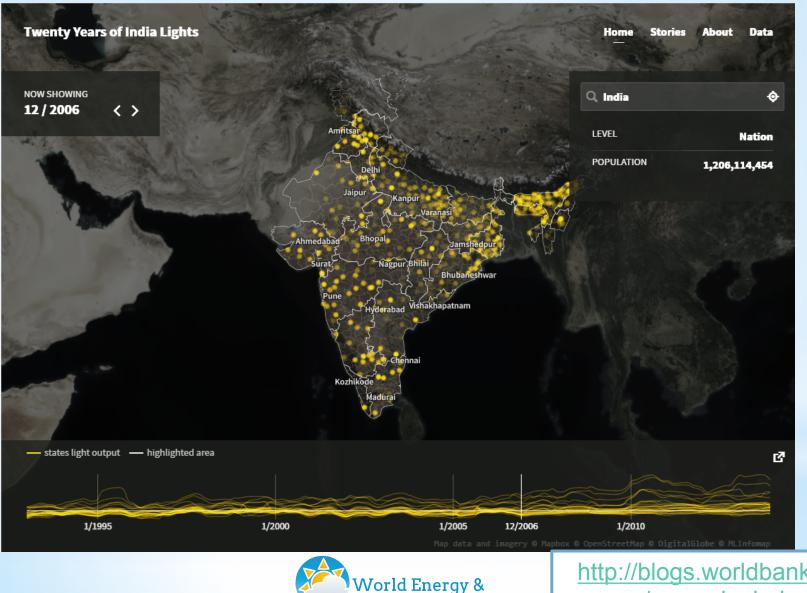


Davy et al (2016)

Novel EO applications



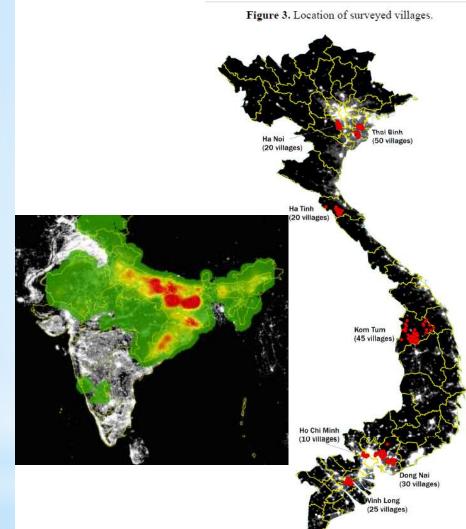
Eyes in the sky help track rural electrification



Meteorology Council

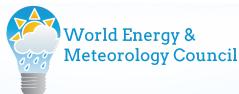
http://blogs.worldbank.org/ energy/eyes-sky-help-trackrural-electrification

MONITORING RURAL ELECTRIFICATION FROM SPACE



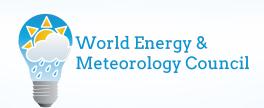
- The Tracking Light From the Sky WB Project works in collaboration with National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), University of Michigan, and Development Seed.
- Data-intensive strategy to improve the monitoring of electricity service provision to rural areas in India, following the successful demonstration of the effectiveness of night-time lights satellite imagery for rural electrification monitoring in Africa (Mali, Senegal) and East Asia (Vietnam).
- The project collected and analyzed a unique historical archive of nighttime satellite imagery to track the supply of electricity service at the village level spanning nearly 8,000 nights since 1993 in 600,000 villages in India.





Courtesy S. Martinez R.

But what is the uptake of these applications?



Some considerations

- Several organisations are developing EO-based applications (ESA, NASA, Copernicus, ARMINES, ...)
 - ... with a varying degrees of co-ordination/ dissemination (IRENA, WBG, GEO, GFCS, ...)
- EO data normally used for pre-feasibility assessments but only a limited number of variables are fully exploited (e.g. irradiance)
 - Private companies develop their own tools ... but level of uptake is poorly documented
 - What about a catalogue of EO success stories with guidance on best practice for energy applications?



Thank you